

APPROACH TO HEART MURMURS



History



- ➤ FTT, FHx
- Dyspnea, palpitations
- Exercise intolerance
- Dizziness, syncope
- > Chest pain on exertion

Physical Exam

- Vital signs
- Cyanosis
- Clubbing
- Weak/absent femoral pulses
- Pulses and capillary refill
- → precordial activity
- Dysmorphic features
- Hepatomegaly

ANY

on history or physical exam makes it a pathologic murmur! (regardless of auscultation)

Auscultation



Innocent

Physiologic, no heart disease

Systolic — timing —

Underlying heart disease
Diastolic, holosystolic

Soft/vibratory

— quality — Harsh

Grade II or less

- intensity -

Grade III or higher (possible thrill)

Exercise, anemia, fever

__ louder with

Usually NO change with position

NO extra sounds

other -sounds

Click or opening snap, S3, S4

Normal S2

(physiologic split on inspiration)

Must have **ALL** features to be an innocent murmur

Fixed split S2

ANY pathologic feature makes it a **pathologic** murmur

Refer to a pediatric cardiologist when there is...



- Suspected pathologic cause or lingering uncertainty
- FHx of congenital heart disease in 1st degree relative
- FHx of Marfan syndrome or unexplained/sudden cardiac death in young person
- Known/suspected **chromosomal/genetic** conditions (ex. Trisomy 21)
- Request from parents within good reason

EXAMPLES OF INNOCENT AND PATHOLOGIC MURMURS

Patent Ductus Carotid Bruit Cervical Venous Hum Arteriosus 2-7 y/o, R > L side2+ y/o, <> Any age Short, mid systolic Continuous rumbling at Over carotid sternoclavicular junction Continuous, ↑ w/turning head away "machinery-like" arteries from murmur + lift chin Underneath L clavicle No change ↓ w/pressing over No change w/position w/position jugular vein or supine **Pulmonary Flow Aortic Valve Stenosis** murmur Older children/ Any age Harsh, <<>> adolescents Ejection click Blowing, May radiate to Early-mid systole Low-med pitched carotid vessels RUSB LUSB I, II, or III; \sim \rightarrow No change Radiates to lung w/respiration ↑ w/supine and inspiration **Peripheral Pulmonar** LLSB **Atrial Septal Defect Stenosis Apex** 0-6 mths, common in Any age Radiates to lung premature Blowing, short Med-low pitched Mid systolic I, II, or III; \ll >Wide fixed splitting of High pitched In LUSB, axilla, lung 2nd heart sound No change w/ position **Pulmonary valve** Ventricular Septa Still's murmur

Defect

- Any age
- Harsh
- Pansystolic or early-mid systole
- Low-high pitched
- II, III, or IV
- Other cardiac Sx

- 2-7 y/o
- Vibratory/musical
- Early-mid systole
- Med-low pitched
- I, II, or III
- Louder supine>sitting

- No change w/position

stenosis

- Any age, <<>>
- Radiates to lung
- Variable early systolic ejection click w/expiration only

